

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
Commission File Number: 001-37783

**Clearside Biomedical, Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)  
900 North Point Parkway, Suite 200  
Alpharetta, GA  
(Address of principal executive offices)

45-2437375  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

30005  
(Zip Code)

(678) 270-3631

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	CLSD	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of May 8, 2024, the registrant had 74,731,139 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding.

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)  
(unaudited)

	<b>March 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,355	\$ 28,920
Accounts receivable	—	170
Prepaid expenses	567	722
Other current assets	193	311
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>36,115</b>	<b>30,123</b>
Property and equipment, net	3,194	2,996
Operating lease right-of-use asset	803	869
Other assets	30	30
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 40,142</b>	<b>\$ 34,018</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable (includes \$17 and \$331 to a related party as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)	\$ 1,363	\$ 2,205
Accrued liabilities (includes \$198 and \$215 to a related party as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)	4,070	4,169
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	367	364
Deferred revenue	150	75
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>5,950</b>	<b>6,813</b>
Liability related to the sales of future royalties, net	44,391	41,988
Warrant liabilities	11,039	—
Operating lease liabilities	572	649
Other non-current liabilities	—	480
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>61,952</b>	<b>49,930</b>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' (deficit) equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023; 74,731,139 and 62,850,841 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	74	63
Additional paid-in capital	310,802	304,948
Accumulated deficit	(332,686)	(320,923)
<b>Total stockholders' deficit</b>	<b>(21,810)</b>	<b>(15,912)</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity</b>	<b>\$ 40,142</b>	<b>\$ 34,018</b>

*See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.*

**CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
License and other revenue (includes \$75 from a related party for the three months ended March 31, 2024)	\$ 230	\$ 4
Operating expenses:		
Research and development (includes \$256 to a related party for the three months ended March 31, 2024)	5,615	4,451
General and administrative	2,824	3,158
Total operating expenses	8,439	7,609
Loss from operations	(8,209)	(7,605)
Interest income	348	492
Other expense	(1,499)	—
Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties	(2,403)	(2,167)
Net loss	\$ (11,763)	\$ (9,280)
Net loss per share of common stock — basic and diluted	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.15)
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic and diluted	69,853,227	61,169,486

*See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.*

**CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity**  
(in thousands, except share data)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In-Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2023	62,850,841	\$ 63	\$ 304,948	\$ (320,923)	\$ (15,912)
Issuance of common stock under registered direct offering	11,111,111	11	4,309		4,320
Issuance of common stock under at-the-market sales agreement	339,912	—	450	—	450
Exercise of stock options	10,000	—	12		12
Vesting and settlement of restricted stock units	397,594	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	21,681	—	21	—	21
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	1,062	—	1,062
Net loss	—	—	—	(11,763)	(11,763)
Balance at March 31, 2024	74,731,139	74	310,802	(332,686)	(21,810)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023				
	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In-Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2022	60,639,827	\$ 61	\$ 298,984	\$ (288,438)	\$ 10,607
Issuance of common stock under at-the-market sales agreement	214,128	—	295	—	295
Vesting and settlement of restricted stock units	471,390	—	—	—	—
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	38,954	—	37	—	37
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	1,041	—	1,041
Net loss	—	—	—	(9,280)	(9,280)
Balance at March 31, 2023	61,364,299	61	300,357	(297,718)	2,700

*See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.*

**CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (11,763)	\$ (9,280)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties, net of issuance costs accretion	2,403	2,167
Depreciation	28	15
Share-based compensation expense	1,062	1,041
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	712	—
Issuance costs allocated to warrant liabilities	787	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	443	(165)
Other assets and liabilities	(488)	(2)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (includes \$(310) to a related party for the three months ended March 31, 2024)	(1,110)	(1,067)
Deferred revenue	75	75
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,851)	(7,216)
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(57)	(115)
Net cash used in investing activities	(57)	(115)
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants under registered direct offering, net of issuance costs	13,860	—
Proceeds from at-the-market sales agreement, net of issuance costs	450	295
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	12	—
Proceeds from shares issued under employee stock purchase plan	21	37
Net cash provided by financing activities	14,343	332
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,435	(6,999)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	28,920	48,418
Cash and cash equivalent, end of period	\$ 35,355	\$ 41,419
<b>Supplemental disclosure</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment included in accrued liabilities	\$ 163	\$ 186

*See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.*

## CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

#### 1. The Company

Clearside Biomedical, Inc. (the “Company”) is a biopharmaceutical company focused on revolutionizing the delivery of therapies to the back of the eye through the suprachoroidal space (SCS<sup>®</sup>). Incorporated in the State of Delaware on May 26, 2011, the Company has its corporate headquarters in Alpharetta, Georgia.

The Company’s activities since inception have primarily consisted of developing product and technology rights, raising capital and performing research and development activities. The Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties similar to those of other life science companies at a similar stage of development, including, among others, the need to obtain adequate additional financing, successful development efforts including regulatory approval of products, compliance with government regulations, successful commercialization of potential products, protection of proprietary technology and dependence on key individuals.

#### *Liquidity*

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$35.4 million as of March 31, 2024.

Historically, the Company has funded its operations primarily through the sale of common stock and convertible preferred stock, the issuance of long-term debt, and license agreements.

On February 6, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with institutional investors and an existing stockholder, pursuant to which the Company issued and sold, in a registered direct offering (the “Registered Direct Offering”): (i) an aggregate of 11,111,111 shares of its common stock; and (ii) warrants to purchase up to 11,111,111 shares of common stock (the “Warrants”). The combined purchase price of each share and accompanying Warrant was \$1.35. The exercise price for the Warrants is \$1.62 per share. The Warrants will be exercisable from August 9, 2024 and will expire on August 9, 2029. The net proceeds to the Company from the Registered Direct Offering were \$13.9 million.

On January 31, 2024 (the “Amendment Effective Date”), the Company entered into a fourth amendment to the license agreement (as amended, the “Emory License Agreement”) with Emory University and Georgia Tech Research Corporation (collectively, the “Licensor”) pursuant to which the parties agreed to reduce the Sublicense Percentage (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) from a low double digit percentage to a high single digit percentage that the Company will pay the Licensor applicable to any fees or payments paid to the Company by any Sublicensee (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) of the Licensed Patents and/or Licensed Technology (each as defined in the Emory License Agreement), excluding (i) amounts paid to the Company by a Sublicensee to reimburse the Company for certain research and development costs pursuant to a written agreement between the Company and such Sublicensee, (ii) the value of intellectual property transferred or granted to the Company if necessary or helpful to the development or commercialization of Licensed Products (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) and (iii) amounts paid for shares of the Company’s stock. The payment to Licensor of any such Sublicense Percentage is due within 30 days of receipt by the Company of a qualifying payment from a Sublicensee, provided however, with respect to any qualifying payments received by the Company from a Sublicensee prior to January 1, 2025, the payment to Licensor of any such Sublicense Percentage is due to Licensor by March 31, 2025. The parties also agreed to a revised annual license maintenance fee due each year (the “Maintenance Fee”) starting in 2023 through 2028, as follows: \$250,000 for 2023 through 2025, \$350,000 for 2026, \$400,000 for 2027 and \$500,000 for 2028. The Company paid the Maintenance Fee for 2023 in February 2024. The remaining annual Maintenance Fee payments are due on October 1st of each year.

On December 22, 2023, Clearside Biomedical, Inc., through its wholly owned subsidiary Royalty Sub, entered into a letter agreement (the “Letter Agreement”) with HCR (as defined below) and HCR Clearside SPV, LLC (as assignee of HCR Collateral Management, LLC) (“Agent”) amending that certain Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of August 8, 2022, by and among Royalty Sub, HCR and Agent (“Purchase and Sale Agreement”). Pursuant to the terms of the Letter Agreement, Royalty Sub and Agent mutually agreed that Royalty Sub waived any and all rights to the \$12.5 million milestone payment which was deposited in an escrow account (“First Milestone Payment”) in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase and Sale Agreement and agreed to the release of the First Milestone Payment to Agent.

On November 1, 2023, the Company, entered into a license agreement (the “BioCryst License Agreement”) with BioCryst Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (“BioCryst”) pursuant to which the Company granted BioCryst an exclusive, worldwide and sublicensable license to the Company’s SCS Microinjector for the delivery of BioCryst’s proprietary plasma kallikrein inhibitor known as avoralstat for the treatment and prevention of diabetic macular edema (“DME”). The Company received an upfront license fee payment of \$5.0 million in connection with signing of the BioCryst License Agreement. In addition, the Company is eligible to receive up to an additional \$30.0 million in clinical and regulatory milestone payments, and up to a total of \$47.5 million in a series of post-approval sales-based milestone payments based on the achievement of annual global net product sales milestones up to \$2.0 billion. Further, during the royalty term, BioCryst has also agreed to pay the Company tiered mid-single digit royalties on annual global net product

sales, with the highest royalty rate applied to sales over \$1.5 billion, subject to reductions in specified circumstances. The Company's rights to these royalties and milestone payments have been sold pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Purchase and Sale Agreement as described in Note 5.

In May 2023, the Company terminated its at-the-market sales agreement with Cowen and Company, LLC (the "ATM Agreement"). The Company sold 214,128 shares of its common stock for net proceeds of \$0.3 million under its ATM Agreement with Cowen and Company, LLC during the three months ended March 31, 2023, prior to the termination of the ATM Agreement.

In May 2023, the Company entered into a Controlled Equity Offering<sup>SM</sup> Sales Agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. ("Cantor") under which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time at its sole discretion, shares of its common stock, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50.0 million through Cantor as its sales agent. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company sold 339,912 shares of its common stock for net proceeds of \$0.5 million under the Sales Agreement.

The Company has suffered recurring losses and negative cash flows from operations since inception and anticipates incurring additional losses until such time, if ever, that it can generate significant revenue. The Company has no current source of revenue to sustain present activities. The Company does not expect to generate other meaningful revenue until and unless the Company's licensees successfully commercialize XIPERE and the Company has fulfilled its obligations under the Purchase and Sale Agreement, its other licensees receive regulatory approval and successfully commercialize its product candidates, or the Company commercializes its product candidates either on its own or with a third party. In the absence of product or other revenues, the amount, timing, nature or source of which cannot be predicted, the Company's losses will continue as it conducts its research and development activities.

The Company will continue to need to obtain additional financing to fund future operations, including completing the development, partnering and potential commercialization of its primary product candidates. The Company will need to obtain financing to complete the development and conduct clinical trials for the regulatory approval of its product candidates if requested by regulatory bodies. If such product candidates were to receive regulatory approval, the Company would need to obtain financing to prepare for the potential commercialization of its product candidates, if the Company decides to commercialize the products on its own.

Based on its current plans and forecasted expenses, the Company expects that its cash and cash equivalents as of the filing date, May 10, 2024 will enable the Company to fund its planned operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into the third quarter of 2025. The Company has based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and it could exhaust its capital resources sooner than expected. Until the Company can generate sufficient revenue, the Company will need to finance future cash needs through public or private equity offerings, license agreements, debt financings or restructurings, collaborations, strategic alliances and marketing or distribution arrangements.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies**

### ***Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation***

The Company's consolidated financial statements include the results of the financial operations of Clearside Biomedical, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Clearside Royalty, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which was formed for the purposes of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase and Sale Agreement described in Note 5. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). In the opinion of management, the Company has made all necessary adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2024 are not indicative of results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2024, any other interim periods or any future year or period. These unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related footnotes, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimate of the total amount of future royalty revenue and milestone payments to be generated over the life of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, revenue recognition, the accounting for useful lives to calculate depreciation and amortization, clinical trial expense accruals, share-based compensation expense and income tax valuation allowance. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

### ***Revenue Recognition***



The Company recognizes revenue from its contracts with customers under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The Company’s primary revenue arrangements are license agreements, which typically include upfront payments, regulatory and commercial milestone payments and royalties based on future product sales. The arrangements may also include payments for the Company’s SCS Microinjector devices as well as payments for assistance and oversight of the customer’s use of the Company’s technology. In determining the amount of revenue to be recognized under these agreements, the Company performs the following steps: (i) identifies the promised goods and services to be transferred in the contract, (ii) identifies the performance obligations, (iii) determines the transaction price, (iv) allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and (v) recognizes revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied.

The Company receives payments from its customers based on billing schedules established in each contract. Upfront and other payments may require deferral of revenue recognition to a future period until the Company performs its obligations under the arrangement. Amounts are recorded as accounts receivable when the Company’s right to consideration is unconditional. The Company does not assess whether a contract has a significant financing component if the expectation at contract inception is such that the period between payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer will be one year or less.

### ***Research and Development Costs***

Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred and include:

- employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, travel and share-based compensation expense for research and development personnel;
- expenses incurred under agreements with contract research organizations, contract manufacturing organizations and consultants that conduct preclinical studies and clinical trials;
- costs associated with preclinical and clinical development activities;
- costs associated with submitting regulatory approval applications for the Company’s product candidates;
- costs associated with training physicians on the suprachoroidal injection procedure and educating and providing them with appropriate product candidate information;
- costs associated with technology and intellectual property licenses;
- costs for the Company’s research and development facility; and
- depreciation expense for assets used in research and development activities.

Costs for certain development activities, such as clinical trial activities, are recognized based on an evaluation of the estimated total costs for the clinical trial, progress to completion of specific tasks using data such as patient enrollment, pass-through expenses, clinical site activations, data from the clinical sites or information provided to the Company by its vendors on their actual costs incurred. Payments for these activities are based on the terms of the individual contracts and any subsequent amendments, which may differ from the patterns of costs incurred, and are reflected in the financial statements as prepaid or accrued expenses.

### ***Share-Based Compensation***

Compensation cost related to share-based awards granted to employees, directors and consultants is measured based on the estimated fair value of the award at the grant date. The Company estimates the fair value of stock options using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of restricted stock units granted is measured based on the market value of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant. Share-based compensation costs are expensed on a straight-line basis over the relevant vesting period.

Compensation cost related to shares purchased through the Company’s employee stock purchase plan, which is considered compensatory, is based on the estimated fair value of the shares on the offering date, including consideration of the discount and the look-back period. The Company estimates the fair value of the shares using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Compensation expense is recognized over the six-month withholding period prior to the purchase date.

All share-based compensation costs are recorded in general and administrative or research and development costs in the statements of operations based upon the recipient's underlying role within the Company.

### ***Cash Equivalents***

Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid investments with an original term of three months or less at the date of purchase.

### ***Concentration of Credit Risk Arising From Cash Deposits in Excess of Insured Limits***

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposits that at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any loss in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant risks with respect to its cash balances.

### ***Liability Related to the Sales of Future Royalties and Non-Cash Interest Expense***

In connection with the Purchase and Sale Agreement, the Company recognizes a liability related to the sales of future royalties under ASC 470-10 Debt and ASC 835-30 Interest - Imputation of Interest. The initial funds received by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement were recorded as a liability and are accreted under the effective interest method up to the estimated amount of future royalties and milestone payments to be made under the Purchase and Sale Agreement. The issuance costs were recorded as a direct deduction to the carrying amount of the liability and are amortized under the effective interest method over the estimated period the liability will be repaid. The Company estimates the total amount of future royalty revenue and milestone payments to be generated over the life of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, and a significant increase or decrease in these estimates could materially impact the liability balance and the related interest expense. If the timing of the receipt of royalty payments or milestones is materially different from the original estimates, the Company will prospectively adjust the effective interest and the related amortization of the liability and related issuance costs.

### ***Warrant Liabilities***

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in FASB ASC Topic 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (ASC 480) and FASB ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging (ASC 815). The assessment considers whether the warrants (i) are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, (ii) meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and (iii) meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company's own stock and whether the warrant holders could potentially require "net cash settlement" in a circumstance outside of the Company's control, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For warrants that meet all criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital, on the consolidated statement of stockholders' deficit at the time of issuance. For warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance and on each balance sheet date thereafter.

The Company's warrant liabilities are measured at fair value using a simulation model which takes into account, as of the valuation date, factors including the current exercise price, the expected life of the warrant, the current price of the Company's common stock, the expected volatility, holding cost, the risk-free interest rate for the term of the warrant and the likelihood of achieving certain future milestone events and the related impact to the price of the Company's common stock. The warrant liability is revalued at each reporting period and changes in fair value are recognized in other expense in the consolidated statements of operations. The selection of the appropriate valuation model and the inputs and assumptions that are required to determine the valuation requires significant judgment and requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of the related liability and reported amounts of the change in fair value. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and changes in these estimates are recorded when known.

### **3. Property and Equipment, Net**

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (dollar amounts in thousands):

	<b>Estimated Useful Lives (Years)</b>	<b>March 31, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>
Furniture and fixtures	5	\$ 249	\$ 249
Machinery and equipment	5	659	581
Computer equipment	3	20	20
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of useful life or remaining lease term	476	476
Work in process		2,738	2,590
Total property and equipment		4,142	3,916
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(948)	(920)
Property and equipment, net		<u>\$ 3,194</u>	<u>\$ 2,996</u>

#### 4. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Accrued research and development	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,078
Accrued employee costs	592	1,862
Accrued professional fees	288	38
Accrued expense	970	191
	<u>\$ 4,070</u>	<u>\$ 4,169</u>

#### 5. Royalty Purchase and Sale Agreement

On August 8, 2022 (the "Closing Date"), the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Clearside Royalty LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Royalty Sub"), entered into the Purchase and Sale Agreement with entities managed by HealthCare Royalty Management, LLC ("HCR"), pursuant to which Royalty Sub sold to HCR certain of its rights to receive royalty and milestone payments payable to Royalty Sub under the Arctic Vision License Agreement, the Bausch License Agreement, that certain License Agreement, effective as of July 3, 2019, by and between the Company and Aura Biosciences, Inc. (the "Aura License Agreement"), that certain Option and License Agreement, dated as of August 29, 2019, by and between REGENXBIO Inc. and the Company (the "REGENXBIO License Agreement") and any and all out-license agreements following the Closing Date for, or related to XIPERE or the SCS Microinjector technology (to be used in connection with compounds or products of any third parties) delivered, in whole or in part, by means of the SCS Microinjector technology), excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any in-licensed or internally developed therapies following the Closing Date (collectively, the "Royalties"), in exchange for up to \$65 million. In connection with this transaction, the Company assigned the Arctic Vision License Agreement, Bausch License Agreement, Aura License Agreement, REGENXBIO License Agreement, the Company's license agreement with Emory University and The Georgia Tech Research Corporation and related intellectual property rights to Royalty Sub.

Under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement, Royalty Sub received an initial payment of \$32.1 million, representing the \$32.5 million to which the Company was entitled, net of certain of HCR's transaction-related expenses which the Company agreed to reimburse. There were additional issuance costs of \$1.5 million related to the Purchase and Sale Agreement resulting in net proceeds of \$30.6 million. An additional \$12.5 million was deposited by HCR in an escrow account which was released to HCR pursuant to the Letter Agreement described below. The terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement also provide for an additional \$20 million milestone payment to Royalty Sub upon attainment of a second pre-specified sales milestone related to 2024 XIPERE sales (the "Second Milestone Event").

The Purchase and Sale Agreement will automatically expire, and the payment of Royalties from the Royalty Sub to HCR will cease, when HCR has received payments of the Royalties equal to 2.5 times the aggregate amount of payments made by HCR under the Purchase and Sale Agreement if the Second Milestone Event is achieved on or prior to December 31, 2024 (the "Initial Cap"). If the Second Milestone Event is not achieved on or prior to December 31, 2024, payment of Royalties from Royalty Sub to HCR will cease when HCR has received Royalties payments equal to 3.4 times the aggregate amount of payments under the Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "Alternative Cap", and together with the Initial Cap, the "Cap Amount"). In the event of a change in control, acquiror will have the option to make a payment to HCR of the Cap Amount then in effect, less the aggregate amount of Royalty payments made by Royalty Sub to HCR under the Purchase and Sale Agreement as a one-time payment at which time, payment of Royalties to HCR will cease. Alternatively, in the event of a change in control, the acquiror will have the option to make an initial payment of 1.0 times the aggregate amount of payments made by HCR under the Purchase and Sale Agreement as of the date of such change in control, then in that event, payment of Royalties from Royalty Sub to HCR will cease when HCR has received total Royalties payments (including the initial payment) equal to the Alternative Cap. After the Purchase and Sale Agreement expires, all rights to receive the Royalties return to Royalty Sub.

On December 22, 2023, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary Royalty Sub, entered into the Letter Agreement with the Agent amending the Purchase and Sale Agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Letter Agreement, Royalty Sub and Agent mutually agreed that Royalty Sub waived any and all rights to the First Milestone Payment in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase and Sale Agreement and agreed to the release of the First Milestone Payment to Agent.

Issuance costs pursuant to the Purchase and Sale Agreement consisting primarily of advisory and legal fees, totaled \$1.9 million including the amount of HCR's transaction-related expenses that the Company reimbursed. The effective interest rate includes cash flow projections for future royalty and milestone payments, which are sensitive to certain assumptions, including market size, market penetration and sales price, that are forward looking and could be affected by future market conditions.

The following table summarizes the activity of the Purchase and Sale Agreement for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in thousands):

Royalty Purchase and Sale Agreement balance at December 31, 2023	\$	41,988
Non-cash interest expense		2,403
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	<u>44,391</u>
Effective interest rate		22.0%

## 6. Common Stock

The Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorizes the Company to issue 200,000,000 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were 74,731,139 and 62,850,841 shares of common stock outstanding, respectively.

## 7. Common Stock Warrants

In September 2016, in connection with a loan agreement, the Company issued warrants to purchase up to 29,796 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$10.74. The warrants expire in September 2026, or earlier upon the occurrence of specified mergers or acquisitions of the Company, and are immediately exercisable. The warrants were recorded in equity at the time of issuance and as of March 31, 2024 had a weighted average remaining life of 2.5 years.

On February 6, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with institutional investors and an existing stockholder, pursuant to which the Company issued and sold, in a registered direct offering (i) an aggregate of 11,111,111 Shares of its common stock; and (ii) Warrants to purchase up to 11,111,111 shares of common stock. The combined purchase price of each Share and accompanying Warrant was \$1.35. The exercise price for the Warrants is \$1.62 per share. The Warrants will be exercisable beginning August 9, 2024 and will expire on August 9, 2029. The Company recorded the initial fair value of the Warrants of \$10.3 million as warrant liabilities and \$4.7 million attributable to common stock as additional paid in capital in the consolidated balance sheets. The issuance costs were allocated among the warrants and common stock consistent with the allocation between amounts recorded as warrant liabilities and common stock. The issuance costs allocated to the Warrants as well as the change in the fair value of the Warrants during the period are recorded in other expense in the consolidated statements of operations. The issuance costs allocated to common stock were recorded as a reduction to additional paid in capital.

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the warrant liabilities during the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in thousands):

Fair value of warrants at issuance February 9, 2024	\$	10,327
Change in fair value during the period		712
Fair value of warrants at March 31, 2024	\$	<u>11,039</u>

The following table summarizes certain key inputs for the valuation of the Warrants at March 31, 2024:

Common stock price	\$	1.53
Exercise price per share	\$	1.62
Expected volatility		61.00 %
Risk-free interest rate		4.12 %
Contractual term (in years)		5.36
Expected dividend yield		— %

## 8. Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*.

### Stock Options

The Company has granted stock option awards to employees, directors and consultants from its 2011 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2011 Plan") and its 2016 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2016 Plan"). The estimated fair value of options granted is determined as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The resulting fair value is recognized ratably over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the awards.

Share-based compensation expense for options granted under the 2016 Plan is reflected in the statements of operations as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Research and development	\$ 420	\$ 311
General and administrative	382	396
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 802</b>	<b>\$ 707</b>

The following table summarizes the activity related to stock options granted under the 2011 Plan and the 2016 Plan during the three months ended March 31, 2024:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding at December 31, 2023	9,865,770	\$ 2.83
Granted	2,606,875	1.34
Exercised	(10,000)	1.24
Forfeited	(122,815)	2.83
Options outstanding at March 31, 2024	<u>12,339,830</u>	2.52
Options exercisable at December 31, 2023	<u>5,494,746</u>	3.83
Options exercisable at March 31, 2024	<u>6,174,281</u>	3.58

As of March 31, 2024, the Company had \$6.2 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years.

#### *Restricted Stock Units*

The Company has granted restricted stock units (“RSUs”) to employees under the 2016 Plan. The shares underlying the RSU awards have vesting terms of four years from the date of grant subject to the employees’ continuous service and subject to accelerated vesting in specified circumstances. The fair value of the RSUs granted is measured based on the market value of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant and is recognized ratably over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the awards.

The total share-based compensation expense related to RSUs is reflected in the statements of operations as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Research and development	\$ 119	\$ 169
General and administrative	138	161
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 257</b>	<b>\$ 330</b>

The following table summarizes the activity related to RSUs during the three months ended March 31, 2024:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested RSUs outstanding at December 31, 2023	834,899	\$ 3.01
Vested	(397,594)	3.07
Non-vested RSUs outstanding at March 31, 2024	<u>437,305</u>	2.96

As of March 31, 2024, the Company had \$1.1 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to the RSUs which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.3 years.

### Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The 2016 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "2016 ESPP") became effective on June 1, 2016. The 2016 ESPP is considered a compensatory plan and the fair value of the discount and the look-back period are estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and expense is recognized over the six-month withholding period prior to the purchase date.

The share-based compensation expense recognized for the 2016 ESPP is reflected in the statements of operations as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Research and development	\$ 3	\$ 3
General and administrative	—	1
Total	\$ 3	\$ 4

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company issued 21,681 shares of common stock purchased under the 2016 ESPP.

## 9. Commitments and Contingencies

### Lease Commitment Summary

In November 2022, the Company signed an amended office lease agreement to lease approximately 14,000 square feet of office space in Alpharetta, Georgia for its corporate headquarters. The amended office lease agreement is for a four year term with a renewal option for an additional 38 months. Rental payments are \$30,747 per month subject to an increase of 3% per year. Rent expense under this lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. In addition, the office lease agreement requires payment of the pro-rata share of the annual operating expenses associated with the premises.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset for the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term, and a lease liability, which represents the present value of the Company's obligation to make payments over the lease term. The renewal option is not included in the calculation of the right-of-use asset and the lease liabilities as the Company has not yet determined if the Alpharetta, Georgia lease will be renewed.

Equipment leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded with operating lease liabilities. The Company recognizes expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The equipment leases were deemed to be immaterial.

### Georgia Tech License Agreement

As described in Note 1, the Company entered into a fourth amendment to the Georgia Tech License Agreement pursuant to which the parties agreed to revised Maintenance Fee payments. The Company paid the Maintenance Fee for 2023 in February 2024. The remaining annual Maintenance Fee payments are due on October 1st of each year from 2024 through 2028, as show in the table below (in thousands).

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2024	\$ 250
2025	250
2026	350
2027	400
2028	500
Total	\$ 1,750

### Contract Service Providers

In the course of the Company's normal business operations, it has agreements with contract service providers to assist in the performance of its research and development, clinical research and manufacturing. Substantially all of these contracts are on an as needed basis.

## 10. License and Other Agreements

### Bausch + Lomb

On October 22, 2019, the Company entered into a License Agreement (as amended, the "Bausch License Agreement") with Bausch + Lomb ("Bausch"). Pursuant to the Bausch License Agreement, the Company has granted an exclusive license to Bausch to develop, manufacture, distribute, promote, market and commercialize XIPERE using the Company's proprietary SCS Microinjector (the "Device"), as well as specified other steroids, corticosteroids and NSAIDs in combination with the Device (together with

XIPERE, the “Products”), subject to specified exceptions, in the United States and Canada (the “Territory”) for the treatment of ophthalmology indications, including non-infectious uveitis.

Pursuant to the Bausch License Agreement, Bausch paid the Company an aggregate of \$20.0 million in upfront and milestone payments. In addition, Bausch has agreed to pay up to an aggregate of \$55.0 million in additional milestone payments upon the achievement of (i) specified regulatory approvals for specified additional indications of XIPERE and (ii) specified levels of annual net sales (as defined in the Bausch License Agreement). Further, during the applicable royalty term, the Company will also be entitled to receive tiered royalties at increasing percentages, from the high-teens to twenty percent, based on XIPERE achieving certain annual net sales thresholds in the Territory, in each case subject to reductions in specified circumstances; provided that the Company will not receive any royalties on the first \$45.0 million of cumulative net sales of all products in the Territory. Bausch launched XIPERE in the United States in the first quarter of 2022. The Company's rights to these royalties and milestone payments have been sold pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Purchase and Sale Agreement described in Note 5.

#### *Arctic Vision (Hong Kong) Limited*

On March 10, 2020, the Company entered into a License Agreement (the “Arctic License Agreement”) with Arctic Vision (Hong Kong) Limited (“Arctic Vision”). Pursuant to the Arctic License Agreement, the Company has granted an exclusive license to Arctic Vision to develop, distribute, promote, market and commercialize XIPERE, subject to specified exceptions, in China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan and South Korea (the “Arctic Territory”). Under the terms of the Arctic License Agreement, neither party may commercialize XIPERE in the other party's territory. Arctic Vision has agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to pursue the development and commercialization of XIPERE for indications associated with uveitis in the Arctic Territory. In addition, upon receipt of the Company's consent, Arctic Vision will have the right, but not the obligation, to develop and commercialize XIPERE for additional indications in the Arctic Territory.

Pursuant to the Arctic License Agreement, Arctic Vision has paid the Company an aggregate of \$9.0 million in upfront and milestone payments. In addition, Arctic Vision has agreed to pay the Company up to \$22.5 million in development and sales milestones. Further, during the applicable royalty term, the Company will also be entitled to receive tiered royalties of ten to twelve percent of net sales based on achieving certain annual net sales thresholds in the Arctic Territory, subject to customary reductions, payable on a product-by-product and country-by-country basis, commencing at launch in such country and lasting until the latest of (i) the date that all valid claims within the licensed patent rights covering XIPERE have expired, (ii) the date of the loss of marketing or regulatory exclusivity of XIPERE in a given country, or (iii) ten years from the first commercial sale of XIPERE in a given country. The Company's rights to these royalties and milestone payments have been sold pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Purchase and Sale Agreement described in Note 5.

In August 2021, the Company entered into an amendment to the Arctic License Agreement to expand the territories covered by the license to include India and the ASEAN Countries (Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Vietnam). In September 2021, the Company entered into a second amendment to the Arctic Vision License Agreement to expand the Arctic Territory to include Australia and New Zealand. The Company received an aggregate of \$3.0 million in consideration for the expansion of the Arctic Territory.

#### *BioCryst Pharmaceuticals, Inc.*

On November 1, 2023, the Company entered into the BioCryst License Agreement pursuant to which the Company granted BioCryst an exclusive, worldwide and sublicensable license to the Company's SCS Microinjector for the delivery of BioCryst's proprietary plasma kallikrein inhibitor known as avoralstat for the treatment and prevention of DME.

The Company received an upfront license fee payment of \$5.0 million in connection with signing of the BioCryst License Agreement. In addition, the Company is eligible to receive up to an additional \$30.0 million in clinical and regulatory milestone payments, and up to a total of \$47.5 million in a series of post-approval sales-based milestone payments based on the achievement of annual global net product sales milestones up to \$2.0 billion. Further, during the royalty term, BioCryst has also agreed to pay the Company tiered mid-single digit royalties on annual global net product sales, with the highest royalty rate applied to sales over \$1.5 billion, subject to reductions in specified circumstances. The Company's rights to these royalties and milestone payments have been sold pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Purchase and Sale Agreement described in Note 5.

BioCryst will be responsible for all development, regulatory and commercialization activities for avoralstat. The Company is responsible for supplying SCS Microinjectors to meet BioCryst's reasonable needs.

## Other

The Company periodically enters into short-term agreements with other customers to evaluate the potential use of its proprietary SCS Microinjector with third-party product candidates for the treatment of various diseases. Funds received from these agreements are recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement.

### 11. Fair Value Measurements

The Company's material financial instruments at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 consisted primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other current assets and accounts payable approximate their respective carrying values due to the short term nature of these instruments and are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the liability related to the sales of future royalties (see Note 5) approximates the carrying value and is classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the warrant liabilities (see Note 7) require significant unobservable inputs and is classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and the year ended December 31, 2023.

### 12. Related Party Transactions

A member of the Company's Board of Directors is chief executive officer of a company that is a vendor of the Company. As of March 31, 2024, the Company has recorded \$17,000 in accounts payable and \$0.2 million in accrued expense with this vendor in the consolidated balance sheets. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company has recorded \$0.3 million of expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

The chair of the board of directors of BioCryst also serves on the Company's Board of Directors. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company has recorded \$75,000 in license and other revenue in the consolidated statements of operations.

### 13. Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, without consideration of the dilutive effect of potential common stock equivalents. Diluted net loss per share gives effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during this period. For all periods presented, the Company's potential common stock equivalents, which included stock options, restricted stock units and common stock warrants, have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share as their inclusion would have the effect of reducing the net loss per share. Therefore, the denominator used to calculate both basic and diluted net loss per share is the same in all periods presented. The Company's potential common stock equivalents that have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share for all periods presented because of their antidilutive effect consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2024	2023
Outstanding stock options	12,339,830	8,931,659
Non-vested restricted stock units	437,305	899,041
Common stock warrants	11,140,907	29,796
	<u>23,918,042</u>	<u>9,860,496</u>



## Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

*Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The words or phrases “would be,” “will allow,” “intends to,” “will likely result,” “are expected to,” “will continue,” “is anticipated,” “estimate,” “project,” or similar expressions, or the negative of such words or phrases, are intended to identify “forward-looking statements.” We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. Because such statements include risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those below and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, under the heading “Risk Factors”. Statements made herein are as of the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q with the SEC and should not be relied upon as of any subsequent date. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, we do not undertake, and we specifically disclaim, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences, developments, unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statement.*

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited financial statements and related notes that appear in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with our audited financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2023 appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 12, 2024.

### Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on revolutionizing the delivery of therapies to the back of the eye through the suprachoroidal space, or SCS<sup>®</sup>. Our novel SCS injection platform, utilizing our proprietary SCS Microinjector<sup>®</sup>, enables an in-office, repeatable, non-surgical procedure for the targeted and compartmentalized delivery of a wide variety of therapies to the macula, retina or choroid to potentially preserve and improve vision in patients with sight-threatening eye diseases. Our SCS injection platform can be used in conjunction with existing drugs designed for delivery to the SCS, novel therapies and future therapeutic innovations. We believe our proprietary suprachoroidal administration platform has the potential to become a standard for delivery of therapies intended to treat chorioretinal diseases.

We are leveraging our SCS injection platform by building an internal research and development pipeline targeting retinal diseases and by creating external collaborations with other companies. We are developing our own pipeline of small molecule product candidates for administration via our SCS Microinjector, and we also strategically partner with companies developing other ophthalmic therapeutic innovations to be administered using our SCS injection platform. Our first product, XIPERE<sup>®</sup> (triamcinolone acetonide injectable suspension) for suprachoroidal use, was approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or the FDA, in October 2021. Approval of XIPERE was a significant milestone for us as it is the first approved therapeutic delivered into the SCS, the first commercial product developed by us and the first therapy for macular edema associated with uveitis. We believe that we are creating a broad therapeutic platform for developing product candidates to treat serious eye diseases.

The current development status of our pipeline of internal product candidates and external collaborations is summarized in the chart below:

Clearside Developed Programs								
THERAPEUTIC	TYPE	INDICATION	IND-ENABLING	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	APPROVAL	PARTNER
CLS-AX (axitinib):	Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor	Wet AMD			Phase 2b			ODYSSEY
XIPERE®	Corticosteroid (Triamcinolone Acetonide)	Uveitic Macular Edema <sup>1</sup> (U.S. & Canada)						B+L BAUSCH + LOMB
XIPERE® / ARCATUS™	Corticosteroid (Triamcinolone Acetonide)	Uveitic Macular Edema <sup>2</sup> Diabetic Macular Edema <sup>2</sup> (Asia Pacific ex-Japan)				UME		arctic VISION
XIPERE® / ARCATUS™	Corticosteroid (Triamcinolone Acetonide)			DME				arctic VISION
SCS Microinjector® Partner Clinical Development Programs								
THERAPEUTIC	TYPE	INDICATION	IND-ENABLING	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	APPROVAL	PARTNER
Bel-Sar	Viral-like Drug Conjugate	Choroidal Melanoma			CoMpass			aura
ABBV-RGX-314	AAV Gene Therapy	Diabetic Retinopathy			ALTITUDE			REGENXBIO abbvie
ABBV-RGX-314	AAV Gene Therapy	Wet AMD			AAVIATE			REGENXBIO abbvie
Avoralstat	Plasma Kallikrein Inhibitor	Diabetic Macular Edema						bio-cryst

<sup>1</sup>XIPERE® (triamcinolone acetonide injectable suspension), for suprachoroidal use has received U.S. FDA Approval and is being commercialized by Bausch + Lomb.

<sup>2</sup>In China, Arctic Vision is responsible for clinical development of ARCATUS™ (triamcinolone acetonide injectable suspension), formerly referred to as ARVN001, and known as XIPERE® in the U.S.

## Clinical Development Pipeline

### CLS-AX (axitinib injectable suspension)

CLS-AX, our most advanced product candidate, is our proprietary suspension of the TKI axitinib for suprachoroidal injection delivered via our SCS Microinjector. We are developing CLS-AX for administration to the SCS as a long-acting therapy for neovascular age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD), a retinal degenerative disease that causes a progressive loss of central vision.

In February 2023, we announced the final, positive results from the OASIS Phase 1/2a clinical trial in wet AMD. CLS-AX was well-tolerated and demonstrated a favorable safety profile across all cohorts. The full extension data for Cohorts 3 and 4 showed promising durability and signs of biological effect.

Based on the results from the OASIS trial, we are conducting a randomized, controlled, double-masked, Phase 2b clinical trial of CLS-AX for the treatment of wet AMD, which we refer to as ODYSSEY. ODYSSEY will compare CLS-AX suprachoroidal injection and aflibercept intravitreal injection over 36 weeks and is expected to have 60 total participants with a 2:1 randomization. The primary outcome measure is a mean change in best-corrected visual acuity from baseline to week 36. The secondary outcome measures are changes in visual function and ocular anatomy, the need for supplemental treatment and treatment burden as measured by total injections over the trial duration. We began enrolling participants in May 2023 and randomized our first participants in July 2023. On October 31, 2023, we completed the recruitment of participants. The final participant was randomized to the CLS-AX treatment of the aflibercept comparator arm in December 2023. We expect to report topline data at the end of the third quarter of 2024.

### Preclinical

We have an experienced team of scientists and researchers evaluating small molecules that may be utilized as potential treatment options for back of the eye diseases utilizing our SCS Microinjector for delivery in the suprachoroidal space.

## External Collaborations Pipeline

In order to expand the global reach of our suprachoroidal injection platform, we have strategically partnered some of our assets for development and/or commercialization and intend to continue partnering our assets. By entering into these partnerships, we have

been able to expand the use of our suprachoroidal injection platform to other indications and geographies globally. We currently have collaborations with Bausch Health, Arctic Vision, REGENXBIO, Inc., Aura Biosciences and BioCryst Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

### **Commercial Product**

XIPERE® (triamcinolone acetonide injectable suspension) for suprachoroidal use, was approved by the FDA in October 2021. XIPERE is the first approved therapeutic delivered into the SCS, the first commercial product developed by us and the first therapy for macular edema associated with uveitis. XIPERE commercialization rights are licensed to Bausch + Lomb in the United States and Canada and Arctic Vision in Asia, not including Japan.

### **ISO and EC Certifications**

We have received the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Certification EN ISO 13485:2016 for “The design, development, and manufacture of sterile piston syringes, needles, and associated accessories for the area of ophthalmology.” The certificate is available on our website. The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

We have received European Community (EC) Certification for the SCS Microinjector from our Notified Body, Intertek Medical Notified Body, AB. The Certificate of Conformance with the Medical Device Regulation 2017/745, Annex IV was issued July 21, 2023, with the Intended Purpose of the SCS Microinjector as "delivery of triamcinolone acetonide injectable suspension, 40 mg/mL to the suprachoroidal space of the eye".

### **Recent Developments**

In February 2024, we entered into a securities purchase agreement, or the Purchase Agreement, with institutional investors and an existing stockholder, pursuant to which we agreed to issue and sell, in a registered direct offering (i) an aggregate of 11,111,111 shares of common stock; and (ii) warrants to purchase up to 11,111,111 shares of common stock, or the Warrants, for net proceeds of \$13.9 million.

On March 14, 2024, we appointed Victor Chong, M.D., MBA to serve as our Chief Medical Officer. On April 15, 2024, we appointed Anthony S. Gibney to serve on our board of directors as a Class III director whose term will expire at our 2025 annual meeting of stockholders.

### **Operating Outlook**

We have incurred net losses since our inception. In recent years, our operations have consisted primarily of conducting preclinical studies and clinical trials, raising capital and undertaking other research and development initiatives. To date, we primarily generated revenue through upfront payments and milestone payments related to license agreements and from collaboration agreements, and we have primarily financed our operations through public offerings and private placements of our equity securities, issuances of convertible promissory notes and loan agreements. As of March 31, 2024, we had an accumulated deficit of \$332.7 million. We recorded net losses of \$11.8 million and \$9.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. We anticipate that a substantial portion of our capital resources and efforts in the foreseeable future will be focused on completing the necessary development for and obtaining regulatory approval of our product candidates, as well as discovering compounds and developing proprietary formulations to utilize with our SCS Microinjector.

We expect to continue to incur significant and increasing operating losses at least for the next several years. We do not expect to generate significant product or license and other revenue unless and until XIPERE is successfully commercialized by our licensees or until we successfully complete the development of, obtain regulatory approval for and commercialize additional product candidates, either on our own or together with a third party. Our financial results may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter and year to year, depending on the timing of our clinical trials and our expenditures on other research and development activities. We expect clinical trial expenses to increase in the remainder of 2024 as a result of our Phase 2b clinical trial of CLS-AX, as well as continuing our pipeline development. We also will continue our efforts to discover, research and develop additional product candidates and obtain regulatory approvals in additional regions for XIPERE for the treatment of macular edema associated with uveitis.

### **Macroeconomic Conditions**

Unfavorable conditions in the economy in the United States and abroad may negatively affect the growth of our business and our results of operations. For example, macroeconomic events, rising inflation, the U.S. Federal Reserve raising interest rates, and conflicts in Ukraine, Russia and the Middle East have led to economic uncertainty globally. The effect of macroeconomic conditions may not be fully reflected in our results of operations until future periods. If, however, economic uncertainty increases or the global economy worsens, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be harmed. For further discussion of the potential impacts of macroeconomic events on our business, financial condition, and operating results, see “Risk Factors” included in Part I, Item 1A of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 12, 2024.

## Components of Operating Results

### *License and Other Revenue*

We have not generated any revenue from the sale of XIPERE and we do not expect to generate any other product revenue unless or until we obtain regulatory approval for and commercialize our other product candidates, either on our own or with a third party. The revenue received under the Bausch license agreement, as well as other certain payments from our licensees, will be recorded as non-cash revenue until we have fulfilled our obligations under the Purchase and Sale Agreement. Our revenue in recent years has been generated primarily from our license agreements. We are seeking to enter into additional licenses and other agreements with third parties to evaluate the potential use of our proprietary SCS Microinjector with the third party's product candidates for the treatment of various eye diseases. These agreements may include payments to us for technology access, upfront license payments, regulatory and commercial milestone payments and royalties.

### *Research and Development*

Research and development expenses consist primarily of costs incurred for the research and development of our preclinical and clinical product candidates, which include:

- employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, travel and share-based compensation expense for research and development personnel;
- expenses incurred under agreements with contract research organizations, or CROs, as well as contract manufacturing organizations and consultants that conduct clinical trials and preclinical studies;
- costs associated with preclinical activities and clinical trials;
- costs associated with submitting regulatory approval applications for our product candidates;
- costs associated with training physicians on the suprachoroidal injection procedure and educating and providing them with appropriate product candidate information;
- costs associated with technology and intellectual property licenses;
- costs for our research and development facility; and
- depreciation expense for assets used in research and development activities.

We expense research and development costs to operations as incurred. These costs include preclinical activities, such as manufacturing and stability and toxicology studies, that are supportive of the product candidate itself. In addition, there are expenses related to clinical trials and similar activities for each program, including costs associated with CROs. Clinical costs are recognized based on the terms of underlying agreements, as well as an evaluation of the progress to completion of specific tasks using data such as patient enrollment, clinical site activations and additional information provided to us by our vendors about their actual costs incurred. Expenses related to activities that support more than one development program or activity, such as salaries, share-based compensation and depreciation, are not classified as direct preclinical costs or clinical costs and are separately classified as unallocated.

The following table shows our research and development expenses by program for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2024	2023
XIPERE (uveitis program)	\$ 52	\$ 28
CLS-AX (wet AMD program)	2,258	1,359
Total	2,310	1,387
Unallocated	3,305	3,064
Total research and development expense	\$ 5,615	\$ 4,451

Our expenses related to clinical trials are based on estimates of patient enrollment and related expenses at clinical investigator sites as well as estimates for the services received and efforts expended under contracts with research institutions, consultants and CROs that conduct and manage clinical trials on our behalf. We generally accrue expenses related to clinical trials based on contracted amounts applied to the level of patient enrollment and activity according to the protocol. If future timelines or contracts are modified based upon changes in the clinical trial protocol or scope of work to be performed, we would modify our estimates of accrued expenses accordingly on a prospective basis.

Research and development activities are central to our business model. Product candidates in later stages of clinical development generally have higher development costs than those in earlier stages of clinical development, primarily due to the

increased size and duration of later-stage clinical trials. However, it is difficult to determine with certainty the duration and completion costs of our current or future preclinical programs and clinical trials of our product candidates, or if, when, or to what extent we will generate revenues from the commercialization and sale of any of our product candidates that obtain regulatory approval. We may never succeed in achieving regulatory approval for any of our current or future product candidates.

The duration, costs and timing of clinical trials and development of our product candidates will depend on a variety of factors that may include, among others:

- the costs associated with process development, scale-up and manufacturing of our product candidates including the SCS Microinjector for clinical trials and for requirements associated with regulatory filings;
- the number of trials required for approval and any requirement for extension trials;
- per patient trial costs;
- the number of patients that participate in the trials;
- the number of sites included in the trials;
- the countries in which the trials are conducted;
- the length of time required to enroll eligible patients;
- the number of doses that patients receive;
- the drop-out or discontinuation rates of patients;
- potential additional safety monitoring or other studies requested by regulatory agencies;
- the duration of patient follow-up; and
- the efficacy and safety profiles of the product candidates.

In addition, the probability of success for each product candidate will depend on numerous factors, including competition, manufacturing capability and commercial viability. We will determine which programs to pursue and how much to fund each program in response to the scientific and clinical success of each product candidate, as well as an assessment of each product candidate's commercial potential.

#### ***General and Administrative***

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and other related costs, including share-based compensation, for personnel in executive, finance and administrative functions. General and administrative costs historically included commercial pre-launch preparations for XIPERE, and also include facility related costs not otherwise included in research and development expenses, as well as professional fees for legal, patent, consulting, and accounting and audit services.

#### ***Interest Income***

Interest income consists of the accrued interest and interest income earned on our cash and cash equivalents. Interest income is not considered significant to our financial statements.

#### ***Other Expense***

Other expense consists of expenses allocated to the warrants issued in connection with our registered direct offering in February 2024 and the change in fair value during the period.

#### ***Non-cash Interest Expense on Liability Related to the Sales of Future Royalties***

Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties consists of imputed interest on the carrying value of the liability and the amortization of the related issuance costs.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates**

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the dates of the balance sheets and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting periods. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, we evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. Significant estimates include assumptions used in the determination of share-based

compensation and some of our research and development expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We define our critical accounting policies as those accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that require us to make subjective estimates and judgments about matters that are uncertain and are likely to have a material impact on our financial condition and results of operations, as well as the specific manner in which we apply those principles. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, there were no significant changes to our critical accounting policies disclosed in our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed with the SEC on March 12, 2024, other than the warrant liabilities discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Period-to-Period Change
	2024	2023	
	(in thousands)		
License and other revenue	\$ 230	\$ 4	\$ 226
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	5,615	4,451	1,164
General and administrative	2,824	3,158	(334)
Total operating expenses	8,439	7,609	830
Loss from operations	(8,209)	(7,605)	(604)
Interest income	348	492	(144)
Other expense	(1,499)	—	(1,499)
Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties	(2,403)	(2,167)	(236)
Net loss	<u>\$ (11,763)</u>	<u>\$ (9,280)</u>	<u>\$ (2,483)</u>

*License and other revenue.* In the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, we recognized \$0.2 million and \$4,000, respectively, of revenue associated with our license agreements, which includes revenue for services and the sales of our SCS Microinjector kits to our licensees.

*Research and development.* Research and development expenses increased by \$1.2 million from \$4.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 to \$5.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. This increase was primarily due to a \$0.9 million increase in costs related to the CLS-AX program, which includes costs for ODYSSEY, our Phase 2b clinical trial. In addition, there was a \$0.4 million research and development tax credit received in the prior year.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.3 million, from \$3.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 to \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. This was primarily attributable to a \$0.3 million decrease in professional fees.

*Interest income.* Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was comprised of interest income from cash and cash equivalents. The decrease is due to the lower balance of our cash and cash equivalents.

*Other expense.* Other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was due to the increase in fair value of the warrant liabilities from February 9, 2024, the issuance date of the warrants, to March 31, 2024 and the direct registered offering costs that were allocated to the warrants.

*Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties.* Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sales of future royalties for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was comprised of imputed interest on the liability related to the sales of future royalties and the amortization of the associated issuance costs.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Sources of Liquidity

We have funded our operations primarily through the proceeds of public offerings of our common stock, sales of convertible preferred stock and the issuance of long-term debt. As of March 31, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$35.4 million. We

invest any cash in excess of our immediate requirements primarily with a view to liquidity and capital preservation. As of March 31, 2024, our funds were held in cash and money market funds.

On February 6, 2024, we entered into the Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which we issued and sold, in a registered direct offering: (i) an aggregate of 11,111,111 shares of our common stock; and (ii) 11,111,111 Warrants. The combined purchase price of each share and accompanying Warrant was \$1.35. The exercise price for the Warrants is \$1.62 per share. The Warrants will be exercisable from August 9, 2024 and will expire on August 9, 2029. The net proceeds to us from the Registered Direct Offering were \$13.9 million.

On January 31, 2024, or the Amendment Effective Date, we entered into a fourth amendment to the license agreement, or the Emory License Agreement, with Emory University and Georgia Tech Research Corporation, or, collectively, the Licensor, pursuant to which the parties agreed to reduce the Sublicense Percentage (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) from a low double digit percentage to a high single digit percentage that we will pay the Licensor applicable to any fees or payments paid to us by any Sublicensee (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) of the Licensed Patents and/or Licensed Technology (each as defined in the Emory License Agreement), excluding (i) amounts paid to us by a Sublicensee to reimburse us for certain research and development costs pursuant to a written agreement between us and such Sublicensee, (ii) the value of intellectual property transferred or granted to us if necessary or helpful to the development or commercialization of Licensed Products (as defined in the Emory License Agreement) and (iii) amounts paid for shares of our stock. The payment to Licensor of any such Sublicense Percentage is due within 30 days of receipt by us of a qualifying payment from a Sublicensee, provided however, with respect to any qualifying payments received by us from a Sublicensee prior to January 1, 2025, the payment to Licensor of any such Sublicense Percentage is due to Licensor by March 31, 2025. The parties also agreed to a revised annual license maintenance fee due each year, or the Maintenance Fee, starting in 2023 through 2028, as follows: \$0.3 million for 2023 through 2025, \$0.4 million for 2026, \$400,000 for 2027 and \$0.5 million for 2028. We paid the Maintenance Fee for 2023 in February 2024. The remaining annual Maintenance Fee payments are due on October 1st of each year.

On December 22, 2023, we, through our wholly owned subsidiary Royalty Sub, entered into a letter agreement, or the Letter Agreement, with HCR and HCR Clearside SPV, LLC (as assignee of HCR Collateral Management, LLC), or the Agent, amending that certain Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of August 8, 2022, by and among Royalty Sub, HCR and Agent. Pursuant to the terms of the Letter Agreement, Royalty Sub and Agent mutually agreed that Royalty Sub waived any and all rights to the \$12.5 million milestone payment which was deposited in an escrow account, or the First Milestone Payment, in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase and Sale Agreement and agreed to the release of the First Milestone Payment to Agent.

In November 2023, we entered into a license agreement, or the BioCryst License Agreement, with BioCryst Pharmaceuticals, Inc., or BioCryst, pursuant to which we granted BioCryst an exclusive, worldwide and sublicensable license to our SCS Microinjector for the delivery of BioCryst's proprietary plasma kallikrein inhibitor known as avoralstat for the treatment and prevention of diabetic macular edema, or DME. We received an upfront license fee payment of \$5.0 million in connection with signing of the BioCryst License Agreement. In addition, we are eligible to receive up to an additional \$30.0 million in clinical and regulatory milestone payments, and up to a total of \$47.5 million in a series of post-approval sales-based milestone payments based on the achievement of annual global net product sales milestones up to \$2.0 billion. Further, during the royalty term, BioCryst has also agreed to pay us tiered mid-single digit royalties on annual global net product sales, with the highest royalty rate applied to sales over \$1.5 billion, subject to reductions in specified circumstances. Our rights to these royalties and milestone payments have been sold pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Purchase and Sale Agreement described in Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

In May 2023, we terminated our at-the-market sales agreement with Cowen and Company, LLC (the "ATM Agreement"). During the three months ended March 31, 2023, prior to the termination of the ATM Agreement, we sold 214,128 shares of our common stock for net proceeds of \$0.3 million under the ATM Agreement.

In May 2023, we entered into a Controlled Equity Offering<sup>SM</sup> Sales Agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co., or Cantor, under which we may offer and sell, from time to time at our sole discretion, shares of our common stock, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50.0 million through Cantor as our sales agent. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, we sold 339,912 shares of our common stock for net proceeds of \$0.5 million under the Sales Agreement.

### ***Funding Requirements***

Our primary uses of capital are, and we expect will continue to be, compensation and related expenses, research and development costs to build our product candidate pipeline, legal and other regulatory expenses and general overhead costs. In addition, we have certain contractual obligations for future payments. Refer to Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The successful development of our product candidates is highly uncertain. As such, at this time, we cannot reasonably estimate or know the nature, timing and estimated costs of the efforts that will be necessary to complete the remainder of the development of CLS-AX or any future product candidates. We are also unable to predict when, if ever, material net cash inflows will commence from product sales. This is due to the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with developing drugs, including the uncertainty of:

- successful enrollment in, and completion of, clinical trials;
- receipt of marketing approvals from applicable regulatory authorities;
- establishing commercial manufacturing capabilities or making arrangements with third-party manufacturers;
- obtaining and maintaining patent and trade secret protection and regulatory exclusivity for our product candidates; and
- launching commercial sales of the products, if and when approved, whether alone or in collaboration with others.

A change in the outcome of any of these variables with respect to the development of any of our product candidates would significantly change the costs and timing associated with the development of that candidate.

Until such time, if ever, as we can generate substantial product revenue, we expect to finance our cash needs through a combination of equity offerings, debt financings and potential collaboration, license and development agreements. Other than potential payments we may receive under our license and other agreements, we do not currently have any committed external source of funds, though, as described above, we may also be able to sell our common stock under the Sales Agreement with Cantor subject to the terms of that agreement and depending on market conditions. We expect that we will require additional capital to fund our ongoing operations. Additional funds may not be available to us on a timely basis, on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. Our ability to raise additional capital may be adversely impacted by potential worsening global economic conditions and disruptions to, and volatility in, the credit and financial markets in the United States and worldwide and related macroeconomic changes, such as rising inflation. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, your ownership interest will be diluted, and the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect your rights as a common stockholder. Debt financing and preferred equity financing, if available, may involve agreements that include covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends.

If we raise funds through additional collaborations, strategic alliances or marketing, distribution or licensing arrangements with third parties, including any future collaboration or licensing arrangement for XIPERE outside of the territories in which we have previously licensed or granted options to license XIPERE, we may be required to relinquish additional rights to our technologies, future revenue streams, research programs or product candidates or to grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us. If we are unable to raise additional funds through equity or debt financings when needed, we may be required to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our drug development or future commercialization efforts or grant rights to develop and market product candidates that we would otherwise prefer to develop and market ourselves.

We also incur costs as a public company, including costs and expenses for fees to members of our board of directors, accounting and finance personnel costs, directors and officers insurance premiums, audit and legal fees, investor relations fees and expenses for compliance with reporting requirements under the Exchange Act and rules implemented by the SEC and Nasdaq.

### **Outlook**

We have suffered recurring losses and negative cash flows from operations since inception and anticipate incurring additional losses until such time, if ever, that we can generate significant milestone payments and royalties from XIPERE and other licensing arrangements or revenues from other product candidates. We will need additional financing to fund our operations. Our plans primarily consist of raising additional capital, potentially in a combination of equity or debt financings, monetizing royalties, or restructurings, or potentially entering into additional collaborations, partnerships and other strategic arrangements.

Based on our current plans and forecasted expenses, we expect that our cash and cash equivalents as of the filing date, May 10, 2024 will enable us to fund our planned operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into the third quarter of 2025. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could exhaust our capital resources sooner than we expect. We will require additional capital in order to complete the clinical development of CLS-AX.



## Cash Flows

The following is a summary of the net cash flows (used in) provided by our operating, investing and financing activities (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Net cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$ (7,851)	\$ (7,216)
Investing activities	(57)	(115)
Financing activities	14,343	332
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,435	\$ (6,999)

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, our operating activities used net cash of \$7.9 million and \$7.2 million, respectively. The net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was due to ongoing research and development expenses to develop our pipeline and ongoing costs for ODYSSEY, the Phase 2b clinical trial for CLS-AX, as well as the supporting general and administrative costs. The net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023 was due to ongoing research and development expenses to develop our pipeline and startup costs for ODYSSEY, as well as the supporting general and administrative costs.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, our investing activities used net cash of \$57,000 and \$0.1 million, respectively, and consisted of the acquisition of property and equipment.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 our net cash provided by financing activities was \$14.3 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. The cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2024 consisted primarily of \$13.9 million of net proceeds from the sale of shares of our common stock under a registered direct offering and \$0.5 million of net proceeds from the sale of shares of our common stock under the Sales Agreement. The cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023 consisted primarily of \$0.3 million of proceeds received from the sale of our common stock under the ATM Agreement.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The term “disclosure controls and procedures,” as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), refers to controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to a company’s management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report at the reasonable assurance level.

***Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We have not experienced any material impact to our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be subject to litigation and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings and we are not aware of any pending or threatened legal proceeding against us that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, cash flows or financial condition.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our business is subject to risks and events that, if they occur, could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations and the trading price of our securities. In addition to the other information set forth in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors described below and in “Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2024. There have been no material changes to the risk factors described in that report.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

#### *Sales of Unregistered Securities*

None.

#### *Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities*

None.

### Item 5. Other Information

During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) adopted, modified or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or a “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” (as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

## Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37783) filed with the SEC on June 7, 2016).</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37783) filed with the SEC on June 23, 2022).</a>
3.3	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37783) filed with the SEC on June 7, 2016).</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock issued to investors in February 2024 in connection with Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-37783), filed with the SEC on February 8, 2024).</a>
10.1♦^	<a href="#">Fourth Amendment to License Agreement, by and among the Registrant, Emory University and The Georgia Tech Research Corporation, dated January 31, 2024 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.33 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-37783), filed with the SEC on March 12, 2024).</a>
10.2+	<a href="#">First Amendment to Consulting Agreement, by and between Registrant and Thomas Ciulla, dated as of February 17, 2024 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-37783), filed with the SEC on March 12, 2024).</a>
10.3*+	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Non-Employee Director Compensation Policy.</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.</a>
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.</a>
32.1**	<a href="#">Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.</a>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document with Embedded Linkbase Documents
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* These certifications are being furnished solely to accompany this quarterly report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the registrant, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

+ Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

^ Pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iv) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, certain portions of this exhibit (indicated by asterisks) have been omitted because they are not material and are the type that the Registrant treats as private or confidential. The Registrant hereby agrees to furnish supplementally to the Securities and Exchange Commission, upon its request, an unredacted copy of this exhibit.

♦ Certain of the exhibits and schedules to this exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Regulation S-K Item 601. The Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of all omitted exhibits and schedules to the SEC upon request.



**CLEARSIDE BIOMEDICAL, INC.****NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTOR COMPENSATION POLICY**

As Amended and Restated effective March 14, 2024

Each member of the Board of Directors (the “**Board**”) who is not also serving as an employee of Clearside Biomedical, Inc. (the “**Company**”) or any of its subsidiaries (each such member, an “**Eligible Director**”) will receive the compensation described in this Non-Employee Director Compensation Policy for his or her Board service. A Non-Employee Director may decline all or any portion of his or her compensation by giving notice to the Company prior to the date cash is to be paid or equity awards are to be granted, as the case may be. This policy may be amended at any time in the sole discretion of the Board or the Compensation Committee of the Board.

**Annual Cash Compensation**

The annual cash compensation amount set forth below is payable in equal quarterly installments, payable in arrears on the last day of each fiscal quarter in which the service occurred. If an Eligible Director joins the Board or a committee of the Board at a time other than effective as of the first day of a fiscal quarter, each annual retainer set forth below will be pro-rated based on days served in the applicable fiscal year, with the pro-rated amount paid for the first fiscal quarter in which the Eligible Director provides the service, and regular full quarterly payments thereafter. All annual cash fees are vested upon payment.

1. Annual Board Service Retainer:
  - a. All Eligible Directors: \$40,000
  - b. Chairman of the Board Service Retainer (in addition to Eligible Director Service Retainer): \$35,000
  
2. Annual Committee Member Service Retainer:
  - a. Member of the Audit Committee: \$10,000
  - b. Member of the Compensation Committee: \$7,500
  - c. Member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee: \$5,000
  
3. Annual Committee Chair Service Retainer (in addition to Committee Member Service Retainer):
  - a. Chairman of the Audit Committee: \$10,000
  - b. Chairman of the Compensation Committee: \$7,500
  - c. Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee: \$5,000

**Equity Compensation**

The equity compensation set forth below will be granted under the Company’s 2016 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**Plan**”). All stock options granted under this policy will be nonstatutory stock options, with an exercise price per share equal to 100% of the Fair Market Value (as defined in the Plan) of the underlying common stock on the date of grant, and a term of ten years from the date of grant (subject to earlier termination in connection with a termination of service as provided in the Plan).

1. Initial Grant: For each Eligible Director who is first elected or appointed to the Board following the date hereof, on the date of such Eligible Director’s initial election or appointment to the Board (or, if such date is not a market trading day, the first market trading day thereafter), the Eligible Director will be automatically, and without further action by the Board or Compensation Committee of the Board, granted a stock option for 67,500 shares of common stock. The shares subject to each such stock option will vest
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in 36 equal monthly installments on the last day of each month, subject to the Eligible Director's Continuous Service (as defined in the Plan) through such vesting date.

2. Annual Grant: On the date of each annual stockholders meeting of the Company held after the date hereof, each Eligible Director who continues to serve as a member of the Board following such stockholders meeting will be automatically, and without further action by the Board or Compensation Committee of the Board, granted a stock option for 45,000 shares of common stock. The shares subject to each such stock option will vest in full on the earlier of (a) the date immediately prior to the next following annual stockholder meeting and (b) the date that is 12 months after the grant date, subject to the Eligible Director's Continuous Service (as defined in the Plan) through such vesting date.

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**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, George Lasezkay, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024 of Clearside Biomedical, Inc. (the “registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2024

/s/ George Lasezkay, Pharm.D., J.D.

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George Lasezkay, Pharm. D., J.D.  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(principal executive officer)



**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Charles A. Deignan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024 of Clearside Biomedical, Inc. (the “registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2024

/s/ Charles A. Deignan

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Charles A. Deignan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(principal financial officer)

**CERTIFICATIONS OF  
PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Pursuant to the requirement set forth in Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the “Exchange Act”) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. §1350), George Lasezkay, President and Chief Executive Officer of Clearside Biomedical, Inc. (the “Company”), and Charles A. Deignan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

1. The Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024, to which this Certification is attached as Exhibit 32.1 (the “Periodic Report”), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
2. The information contained in the Periodic Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the undersigned have set their hands hereto as of the 10th day of May, 2024.

/s/ George Lasezkay, Pharm. D., J.D.

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George Lasezkay, Pharm. D., J.D.

President and Chief Executive Officer  
(principal executive officer)

/s/ Charles A. Deignan

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Charles A. Deignan

Chief Financial Officer  
(principal financial officer)

- \* This certification accompanies the Form 10-Q to which it relates, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act (whether made before or after the date of the Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.
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